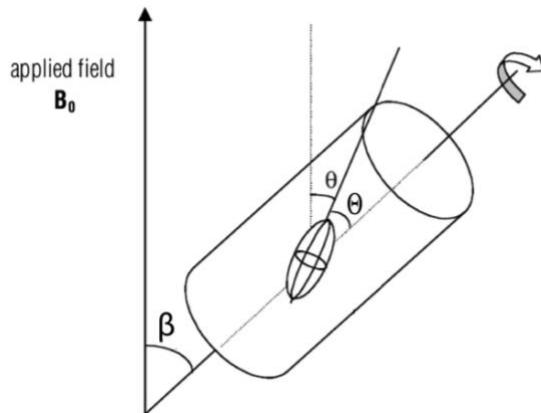


## Jigsaw 5D

1. [Week 4 Slides 47-50] The diagram shows the schematic sample setup for a magic-angle spinning experiment.



- Define the angles  $\beta$ ,  $\theta$  and  $\Theta$ .
- Name three interactions which are averaged or partially averaged by sample spinning.
- For a nucleus with a chemical shielding tensor with axial symmetry, we can write the chemical shift as the sum of isotropic and anisotropic terms:

$$\delta = \delta_{iso} + (\delta_{zz} - \delta_{iso}) \left( \frac{3 \cos^2 \beta - 1}{2} \right)$$

For which angle  $\beta$  does the anisotropic part average to 0?

- What is the effect of spinning at  $\beta = 90^\circ$ ?

2. [From Past Exam] [Keeler Section 9.8] The rate constant (in  $s^{-1}$ ) for a symmetrical two-site exchange has the temperature dependence  $k = 10^{13} \exp [-2500/T]$ . The rate constant in Hz for which the two peaks merge together is  $k_{merge} = \frac{\pi \delta \nu}{\sqrt{2}}$ , where  $\delta \nu$  is the chemical shift difference in Hz. Consider a chemical shift difference of 1.0 ppm. Determine the number of peaks in the 400 MHz spectra at the following temperatures:

a. 98 K

b. 108 K

c. 150 K